# UNIT A: LESSON 10

# LEARNING TARGETS

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR TEACHERS:**

- Refer students to the standards and objectives.
- Review the standards and objectives with students one at a time.
- At the end of the lesson, ask students what they did in class to meet the standards.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR STUDENTS:

Listen as your teacher reviews the standards and objectives. Your teacher will call on an individual or pair to explain what they mean.

# **Learning Target**:

I can write an argument in support of ideas from "You Trouble" and "Insights into the Teenage Brain."

## **Learning Target**:

I can gather evidence from multiple texts to support my analysis.

argument – writing
for or against
something
support of –
agreement with
evidence – facts; proof
multiple – more than
one
analysis – a careful
explanation

#### WRITE

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR TEACHERS:**

- Review the writing prompt with the class.
- Have students work individually to write an essay in response to the prompt.
- If there is time, have them review each other's essays.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR STUDENTS:

Write an argument in response to the essay prompt. Use evidence from the unit texts to support your thoughts. Use your graphic organizers from Lessons 8 and 9 to help you fill in the spaces.

## **Essay Prompt**

In the text "You Trouble," the author argues that it is dangerous to be a teen. In "Insights Into the Teenage Brain," the speaker agrees but also argues being a teen is exciting: teens seek out new adventures, meet new people, and confront interesting challenges in ways that help them learn. Describe both arguments. Then state which perspective, or point of view, you agree with. Argue for your perspective using evidence, or facts, from the unit's texts.

Describe the "You	"You Trouble" argues it is to be a teen. The
Trouble" argument: it	area of the teenage brain that
is dangerous to be a	is not well developed. Teens naturally desire
teen.	Therefore, they engage in
Describe why and	, like
what types of trouble	They think about their decisions, but
teens get into.	
Describe the	"Insights Into the Teen Brain" agrees that teen brains are not
"Insights Into the	and that teens naturally desire
Teenage Brain"	But for the speaker, this is
argument: it is	Teen brains respond to Therefore, teens
exciting to be a teen.	are good at
First describe what is	Teenage brains help teens
similar to "You`	
Trouble," then explain	
the differences.	
State the perspective	I agree with
you agree with and	because
why. State evidence	
from other texts from	
the unit.	